§585.318

§ 585.318 U.S. financial institution.

The term U.S. financial institution means any U.S. person (including foreign branches) that is engaged in the business of accepting deposits, making, granting, transferring, holding, or brokering loans or credits, or purchasing or selling foreign exchange, securities, commodity futures or options, or procuring purchasers and sellers thereof, as principal or agent; including, but not limited to, depository institutions, banks, savings banks, trust companies, securities brokers and dealers, commodity futures and options brokers and dealers, forward contract and foreign exchange merchants, securities and commodities exchanges. clearing corporations, investment companies, employee benefit plans, and U.S. holding companies, U.S. affiliates, or U.S. subsidiaries of any of the fore-This term includes those going. branches, offices and agencies of foreign financial institutions which are located in the United States, but not such institutions' foreign branches, offices, or agencies.

§585.319 UNSC Resolution 757.

The term *UNSC Resolution 757* means United Nations Security Council Resolution No. 757, adopted May 30, 1992, prohibiting certain transactions with respect to the FRY (S&M).

Subpart D—Interpretations

$\S\,585.401$ Reference to amended sections.

Except as otherwise specified, reference to any section of this part or to any regulation, ruling, order, instruction, direction, or license issued pursuant to this part shall be deemed to refer to the same as currently amended.

§ 585.402 Effect of amendment.

Any amendment, modification, or revocation of any section of this part or of any order, regulation, ruling, instruction, or license issued by or under the direction of the Director of the Office of Foreign Assets Control shall not, unless otherwise specifically provided, be deemed to affect any act done or omitted to be done, or any civil or

criminal suit or proceeding commenced or pending prior to such amendment, modification, or revocation. All penalties, forfeitures, and liabilities under any such order, regulation, ruling, instruction, or license shall continue and may be enforced as if such amendment, modification, or revocation had not been made.

§ 585.403 Termination and acquisition of an interest in blocked property.

(a) Whenever a transaction licenced or authorized by or pursuant to this part results in the transfer of property (including any property interest) from a person whose property or property interests are blocked pursuant to §585.201, such property shall no longer be deemed to be property blocked pursuant to §585.201, unless there exists in the property another interest that is blocked pursuant to §585.201 or any other part of this chapter, the transfer of which has not been effected pursuant to license or other authorization.

(b) Unless otherwise specifically provided in a license or authorization issued pursuant to this part, if property (including any property interest) is transferred or attempted to be transferred to a person whose property or property interests are blocked pursuant to §585.201, such property shall be deemed to be property in which that person has an interest and therefore blocked.

[60 FR 34146, June 30, 1995]

§ 585.404 Payments from blocked accounts to U.S. exporters and for other obligations prohibited.

No debits may be made to a blocked account to pay obligations to U.S. persons or other persons, including payment for goods, technology or services exported prior to the effective date, except as authorized pursuant to this part.

§ 585.405 Acquisition of instruments including bankers acceptances.

No U.S. person may acquire or deal in any obligation, including bankers acceptances and debt of or guaranteed by the a person whose property or interests in property are blocked pursuant to §585.201, where the documents evidencing the obligation indicate, or